# Server Load Balancer

**Quick Start** 

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## **Quick Start**

This section provides a complete tutorial on using Server Load Balancer. An Internet-facing Server Load Balancer instance will be created to distribute the received HTTP requests to the backend servers.

**Note**: Before creating a Server Load Balancer instance, you need to plan and design your load balancing service, such as the instance type, instance region, and more. For details, see **Plan and prepare**.

The tutorial includes the following tasks:

#### Create ECS instances.

Server Load Balancer is a complementary service for ECS multi-machine solutions, and must be used in conjunction with ECS. In this tutorial, two ECS instances are created to process the distributed traffic.

#### Install web pages.

Create required applications on the ECS instances. In this tutorial, a static web page is created to test the load balancing service.

#### Create a Server Load Balancer instance.

A Server Load Balancer instance is a running entity of Server Load Balancer. In this tutorial, an Internet-facing Server Load Balancer instance is created.

#### Configure the Server Load Balancer instance.

After creating a Server Load Balancer instance, you have to add at least one listener, and multiple ECS instances as backend servers. In this tutorial, a TCP listener is added, and the ECS instances created in task 1 are used as backend servers.

#### Delete the Server Load Balancer instance.

If you no longer need Server Load Balancer, delete it to avoid additional charges.

### Plan the region of the Server Load Balancer instance

Alibaba Cloud provides the Server Load Balancer service in various regions.

To provide more stable and reliable load balancing services, Server Load Balancer has deployed multiple zones in most regions for better disaster tolerance. Additionally, to improve high availability in different regions, you can deploy the Server Load Balancer instances in multiple regions and use DNS to resolve the domain name to the IP addresses of the Server Load Balancer instances.

When selecting the region, note the following considerations:

To reduce latency and increase the download speed, we recommend choosing a region that is physically closest to where your customers are located.

Server Load Balancer does not support the cross-region development. Ensure that the region is the same for the Server Load Balancer and the backend ECS instances.

### Plan the instance type (Internet or intranet)

Choose the instance type according to your business. After you create a Server Load Balancer instance, a private or public IP is allocated. You can resolve a domain name to the IP to provide services.

The Internet Server Load Balancer instance only has a public IP, which is accessible from the Internet.

If you choose the Internet type, you need to consider the billing method:

By traffic: Suitable for an application with obvious traffic changes.

By bandwidth: Suitable for an application with relatively stable bandwidth.

The intranet Server Load Balancer instance only has a private IP, which is accessible only from classic network or VPC, and cannot be accessed by the Internet.

### Plan the listening protocol

Server Load Balancer supports layer-4 (TCP and UDP) and layer-7 (HTTP and HTTPS) listening.

Layer-4 listener distributes connection requests directly to the backend servers without modifying the HTTP headers. After the request arrives at the listener, the Server Load Balancer server uses the backend protocol port configured in the listener to create a TCP connection with the backend ECS.

Layer-7 listener is an implementation of reverse proxy. After the request arrives at the listener, the Server Load Balancer server uses the TCP connection to transfer the data packets instead of transferring the data packets directly to the backend ECS.

### Prepare the backend servers

Before using Server Load Balancer, you have to create ECS instances and build corresponding applications. Then, add the ECS instances to a Server Load Balancer instance as the backend servers to process the distributed requests.

#### ECS region

Ensure the region is the same for the ECS instance and Server Load Balancer instance. Also, we recommend deploying the ECS instances in different zones to improve availability.

#### **ECS** configurations

Additional configuration is not required after deploying the applications. However, if you are going to create a layer-4 listener, and the ECS instances use the Linux operating system, ensure the values of the following parameters in the net.ipv4.conf file are 0:

net.ipv4.conf.default.rp\_filter = 0
net.ipv4.conf.all.rp\_filter = 0
net.ipv4.conf.eth0.rp\_filter = 0

#### ECS amount

There is no restriction on the number of ECS instances added to a Server Load Balancer instance. To improve the stability and efficiency of the service, we recommend adding the ECS instances responsible for different tasks or provide different services to different Server Load Balancer instances.

Before using Server Load Balancer, you have to create at least two ECS instances and build corresponding applications. Then, add them to the Server Load Balancer instance to process the distributed client requests.

Follow the instruction in this document to create two ECS instances, ECS01 and ECS02.

### Procedure

Log on to the ECS console.

In the left-side navigation pane, click **Instances** and then click **Create Instance**.

On the buy page, configure the ECS instance.

The following are ECS settings used in this tutorial. For more information, see Create Linux ECS instances.

Region: In this tutorial, select China East 1.

**Note**: Server Load Balancer does not support cross-region deployment. The region must be the same for the Server Load Balancer instance and the ECS instance.

Network Type: In this tutorial, select VPC. Use the default VPC and VSwitch.

Operating System: In this tutorial, select Ubuntu 16.04 64 bit.

**Number of Instances**: In this tutorial, select **2**. The system will simultaneously create two ECS instances with identical settings.

Choose Netw	ork Type					
Network Type VPC	0					
[default] vpc-t4nfyadttt9 Number of available priva Network Billing Type	0c. <del>∡</del> [defa te IP address	ault] vsw-t4nmp es 4091	ihcwi. <del>x</del>			
Data Transfer Network Bandwidth Peak	0					
	50M	100M	200M	0	Mbps	
If "0M" bandwidth is selecte You can purchase an Elastic You can charge this instanc	d, you cannot a : IP <mark>here.</mark> e's network usa	access the public age to an existing	network (no publ Data Transfer pla	ic IP). Please selec an. You can buy one	t "1M" bandwid e <mark>here.</mark>	Jth or above if you want public IP.

Click **Buy Now** and complete payment.

Go back to the ECS Instance List page and click China East 1.

Hover the mouse pointer over the instance name and click the displayed pencil icon to change the instance name to ECS01 and ECS02, separately.

6	Instance ID/Name		IP Address	Status(All) +	Network Type(All) +	Billing Method(All) 👻		Action
6	Hbp11 ECS01	٩	172. (Private IP Address)	Running	VPC	Pay-As-You-Go 17-07-23 17:23 created	Manage	Connect More +
e	Hbp15 ECS02	a	172. (Private IP Address)	Running	VPC	Pay-As-You-Go 17-07-23 17:23 created	Manage	Connect More +

After you create the ECS instances, you need to deploy applications. In this tutorial, two static web pages will be deployed on the ECS instances using Apache.

**Note**: We use the default settings of Apache and only modify the content of the index file. Additionally, two Elastic IPs are bound to the ECS instances for easy management. For more information, see **Bind an EIP**.

### Procedure

Log on to the ECS instance.



Enter the following command to install Apache.

sudo apt-get install apache2

Enter the following command to modify the content of the index.html file.

cd /var/www/html

echo "Hello World! This is ECS01." > index.html

After modifying the content, enter the Elastic IP of the ECS instance in the web browser, you will see the following content.



Repeat the previous steps to create a web page on the another ECS instance and change the content to Hello World! This is ECS02..

After modifying the content, enter the Elastic IP of the ECS instance in the web browser, you will see the following content.



Before using Server Load Balancer, create a Server Load Balancer instance. You can add multiple listeners and backend servers to the Server Load Balancer instance.

Follow this document to create an Internet-facing Server Load Balancer instance. After creating the instance, a public IP is allocated to it and resolve a domain name to this IP.

### Procedure

Log on to the Server Load Balancer console.

On the Instances page, click Create Server Load Balancer.

Configure the Server Load Balancer instance.

The configurations for the Server Load Balancer instance in this tutorial are as follows. For more information, see Server Load Balancer configurations.

**Region**: Server Load Balancer does not support cross-region deployment. The region must be the same for the Server Load Balancer instance and the ECS instances. In this tutorial, select **China East 1**, which is the region of the ECS instance.

**Zone type**: Server Load Balancer has deployed multiple zones in most regions for better disaster tolerance. If Server Load Balancer service is unavailable in the primary zone, it will switch to a backup zone to restore service (within 30 seconds). Then, it will automatically switch back to the primary zone when the service is restored.

In this tutorial, select **China East 1 Zone B** as the primary zone and **China East 1 Zone D** as the backup zone.



Instance type: Select Internet.

#### Click Buy Now.

Go back to the **Instances** page, find the created instance.

Hover the mouse pointer over the instance ID and then click the pencil icon.

Enter the name SLB1 and click **Confirm**.

Instances	China Nort	h 1 (Qingdao)	China North 2 (B	eijing) C	hina North 3 (	Zhangjiakou)	China No	rth <mark>5 (</mark> Huhe	haote) China	East 1 (Hangzhou)			
	China East	2 (Shanghai)	China South 1 (Sl	nenzhen)	Hong Kong	Asia Pacific I	NE 1 (Japan	) Singap	ore Asia Pacifi	c SE 2 (Sydney)			
	Asia Pacific	: SE 3 (Kuala Lu	mpur) US East	L (Virginia)	US West 1	(Silicon Valley	) Middle I	East 1 (Dub	ai) Germany	1 (Frankfurt)			
											C Refresh	Create Serve	r Load Balancer
Server Load	d Balancer Na	ame 🔻	Enter instance	names sep	arated by com	mas Sea	rch	€Tag					<u>a</u> o
Server Lo	oad Balancer	Zone	IP Address(All)	Status	Network(A	l) <del>+</del> Port/I	Health Chec	k Bac	kend Server	Instance Specification	Bandwidth Billing Method(All) 👻	Billing Method(All) 👻	Actions
acs-slb-c	:3vd 28988c849	cn-hangzhou- f(Master) Changzhou-	47.95.983 196 Public IP	🛛 Runnii	ng Classic Net	work TCP :	80 N	ormal c28 c28	988c8498604b 988c8498604b	Shared- Performance Instance	Pay by Traffic	Pay-As-You-Go 2017-11-03 14:00:34 Created	Manage   More -
Server SLB1	r Load Balanc	er Instance Nar 1-80 character Cancel	ne : s in length, includi	ng Chinese	characters, le	tters, digits, ł	iyphens (-),	periods (.)	, and underscom	- es (). nance pe	Pay by Traffic	Pay-As-You-Go 2017-10-25 11:28:07 Created	Manage   More -

After creating a Server Load Balancer instance, you have to add at least one listener and a group of backend servers to it.

In this tutorial, we will create a TCP listener and add the ECS instances that have deployed web pages as the backend servers.

### Procedure

Log on to the Server Load Balancer console.

<	SLB1 • Return to Server Load Balancer List	Restrictions and Notes
Details		
Listener	Basic Information	^
<ul> <li>Server</li> </ul>	Server Load Balancer ID: Ib-	Status: 🖉 Running
Backend Server	Server Load Balancer Name: SLB1	Region: China East 1 (Hangzhou)
VServer Group	Instance Type: Public IP	Zone: cn-hangzhou-b(Master)/cn-hangzhou-d(Slave)
Master-Slave Serv	Network Type: Classic Network	
Monitor	Payment Information	Bandwidth Consumption Details Release Settings
E	Billing Method: Pay by Traffic	Created on: 2017-07-24 10:36:04
	Load Balancer IP Address: 101	Automatic Release Time: -

On the **Instance Management** page, click the ID of the target Server Load Balancer instance.

On the left-side navigation pane, click Listener and then click Add Listener.

Configure the listener as follows and use the default settings for other options:

**Frontend Protocol [Port]**: The front-end protocol and port of the Server Load Balancer system that is used to receive and distribute connection requests. The port number cannot be the same in a Server Load Balancer instance.

In this tutorial, select the TCP protocol with port number 80.

**Backend Protocol [Port]**: The port number that is opened on the ECS instances to receive the distributed requests. The port number can be the same in a Server Load Balancer instance.

In this tutorial, set to 80.

**Peak Bandwidth**: You can set a peak bandwidth to limit the service capabilities that the application of the ECS instance can provide.

In this tutorial, no need to set the peak bandwidth because the instance is payed by traffic.

**Scheduling Algorithm**: Server Load Balancer supports the following scheduling algorithms. In this tutorial, the round-robin method is used.

Round robin: Requests are distributed evenly across the group of the backend ECS servers sequentially.

Weighted round robin (WRR): You can set a weight for each backend server. Servers with higher weights receive more requests than those with less weights.

Weighted least connections (WLC): In addition to the weight set to each backend ECS server, the number of connections to the client is also considered. The servers with a higher weight value will receive a larger percentage of live connections at any one time. If the weights are the same, the system directs network connections to the server with the least number of established connections.

Add Listener					×
1.Listener Configura	tion	2.Health Check	$\rightarrow$	3.Success	
Frontend Protocol [Port] <b>*</b>	TCP You can en	: 80  nter any port number	from 1-65535		
Backend Protocol [Port] <b>*</b>	TCP You can er	: 80 Inter any port number	from 1-65535		
Peak Bandwidth:	Unlimited You can se instances o	Configure et a peak bandwidth fi charged by traffic do r	rom 1-5000M. not have peak	By default, the bandwidth limit.	
Scheduling Algorithm:	Round R	obin 🔻			
Use Server Group:	0				
Automatically Activate Listener after Creation:	A (	Activated			
Expand     Advanced     Options					
				Next Step	Cancel

Click **Next Step** to configure health check settings. Select the **TCP** mode and keep other settings as default, click **Confirm**.

Through health check on backend ECS instances, Server Load Balancer can automatically block abnormal ECS instances and distribute requests to them again when they become normal.

1.Listener Configura	ition 2.Health Check 3.Success
Health Check Mode: 🕐	⊛ тср ○ нттр
Health Check Port:	You can enter any port numb
	If no port number is specified, the backend server port will be u for health checks by default.
Collapse     Advanced     Options	
Response Timeout	5 Second(s)
Duration:*	Max timeout for each health check request. Enter a value from seconds, and the default value is 5 seconds.
Health Check	2 Second(s)
Interval:*	Interval between health checks. Enter a value from 1-50 secon and the default value is 2 seconds.
Unhealthy	0
Threshold:*	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 The number of consecutive health check failures on the ECS se (from success to failure).
Healthy	0
Threshold:*	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 The number of consecutive health check successes on the ECS

Click **Confirm** to complete the configuration.

On the left-side navigation pane, click **Server** > **Backend Server**.

On the **Load Balancer Server Pool** page, click the **Servers Not Added** tab and select the previously created ECS instances, then click **Add in Batch**.

SLB1 *Return to Server Load Balancer Li	SLB1 "Return to Serve Load Balance List.										
Load Balancer Server Pool Region : China East 1	Load Balancer Server Pool Region : China East 1 (Hangahou) Zome : cn-hangahou-b (Hanter) (cn-hangahou-b (Slave) 0										
Servers Addad Servers Not Addad											
Instance Name • Enter the Instance name of the ECS server. Search											
ECS Instance ID/Name	Zone	Public/Internal IP Address	Status(All) -	Network Type(All) +	Server Load Balancer Action						
EcsUserData	cn-hangzhou-f	(Public) rivate)	C Running		- Add						
e i-bp: ECS01	cn-hangzhou-f	(Elastic) rivate)	Running		- Add						
ECS02	cn-hangzhou-f	(Elastic) rivate)	Running	20 Tenenstein auf der Aufstein auf	- Add						
ecsdoctest	cn-hangzhou-e	Public) Private)	Running	15 Tenchosedpanes	- Add						
<ul> <li>i-bp i2bp1ah23d31b24x</li> </ul>	cn-hangzhou-e	(Public) Private)	Stopped		- Add						
Add in Batch					Total: S Rem(s) , Per Page: 20 Rem(s) ( + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +						

In the Add a Backend Server dialog, use the default weight value and click Confirm.

The higher the weight, the more requests are received.

Go back to the **Instance Management** page, click **Refresh**. When the health check is **Normal**, you can send requests to the Server Load Balancer instance.

Instance Management	China North 1 (6	Qingdao) China North 2	(Beijing) China North 3	(Zhangjiakou)	China East 1 (Han	zhou) China East 2 (Shan	(hai) China South 1	(Shenzhen) Hong Kong		C Refresh	Create Server Load Balancer
	Asia Pacific NE 1	I (Japan) Singapore A	sia Pacific SE 2 (Sydney)	US East 1 (Vin	ginia) US West 1	Silicon Valley) Middle East	1 (Dubai) German	/ 1 (Frankfurt)			
Server Load Balancer N	ame 🔻	Enter load balancer nam	ies separated by con	Search	Tag						<u>×</u> 0
B Server Load Balancer	ID/Name	Zone	IP Address(All) +	Status	Network(All) -	Port/Health Check	Backend Server	Instance Spec	Bandwidth Billing Method(AII) +	Billing Method(All) +	Action
B Ib-1udfr5foq SLB1		cn-hangzhou-b(Master) cn-hangzhou-d(Slave)	101. Public IP	Running	Classic Network	TCP: 80 Normal	ECS02 ECS01	performance shared instance	Pay by Traffic	Pay-As-You-Go 2017-07-24 10:36:04 Crea	Manage   More+

In the web browser, enter the IP address of the Server Load Balancer instance to test the service.

	O - Ċ	
Hello World ! This is ECS01.		

When you no longer need Server Load Balancer, delete the corresponding instance to avoid additional charges. When deleting the Server Load Balancer instance, the backend ECS will not be deleted or affected.

**Note**: After the Server Load Balancer instance is released, the backend ECS instances are still running. If you want to release the ECS instances, see **Release an instance**.

### Procedure

Log on to the ECS console.

On the **Instances** page, select the region where the instance is located.

Select the target instance and click **Release Instance**.

In the Release Instance dialog, select Release Now or Timed Release.

If you select Timed Release, select the time to release the instance.

Click **Next** and click **OK** to finish.